LOK JAGRUTI UNIVERSITY (LJU)

INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY

Department of Chemical Engineering (708)

Bachelor of Engineering (B.E.) – Semester – III

Course Code:	017083302	Teaching Scheme				
Course Name:	Fluid Mechanics	Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Credit	Total Hours
Category of Course:	Professional Core Course (PCC)	4	0	2	5	40
Prerequisite Course:	11 th -12 th Science Physics, Mathematics	4	U	2	3	40

		Syllabus				
Unit No.	Торіс	Prerequisite Topic	Successive Topic	Teaching Hours		
	Introduction to Fluid Mechanics					
01	1.1 Fluid, Fluid Static and its Application1.2 Classification of Fluid		Introduction to Momentum Transport (017083501-Unit- 2) Shell Momentum Balance and Velocity Distribution in Laminar Flow (017083501- Unit-3)	4 (10%)		
	1.3 Pressure Concept and Hydrostatic Equilibrium, Manometer and its types (U-tube, Inclined and Differential Manometer)		Forced balanced pressure gauge, measurement of differential pressure. (017083506-Unit-9.2)			
	1.4 Decanters Like Gravity and Centrifugal Decanter					
	Fluid Flow Phenomena					
	2.1 Properties of Fluids – Viscosity		Introduction to Momentum			
	2.2 Velocity Fluid, Velocity Gradient and Rate of Shear		$\begin{array}{c} \text{1ransport} (01/083501-0\text{mt}-2) \end{array}$			
02	2.5 Newton's Law of Viscosity 2.4 Rheological Behavior of Fluid		Shell Momentum Balance	4		
02	2.5 Revnold's Number and its Significance		and Velocity Distribution in	(10%)		
	2.6 Boundary Layer Formation,		Laminar Flow (017083501-			
	2.7 Boundary Separation and Wake Formation		Unit-3) Laminar flow in a Narrow slit (017083701-Unit-5.1)			
	Basic Equation of Fluid Flow					
	3.1 Potential Flow, Streamline, Stream tube					
03	3.2 Continuity Equation		Equation of Continuity (017083501-Unit-4.1) The Continuity Equation (017083701-Unit-5.2)	5 (12.5%)		
	3.3 Bernoulli's Equation Without Correction Factor					
	3.4 Bernoulli's Equation with Correction Factor					
	3.5 Pump Work in Bernoulli's Equation					
	Flow of Incompressible Fluid					
	Lavers in Pipes					
	4.2 Relation Between Skin Friction and Wall Shear			-		
04	4.3 Laminar Flow in Pipes			5 (12 5%)		
	4.4 Hagen Poiseuille Equation			(12.370)		
	4.5 Flow Through Channel of Non-Circular Cross Section,					
	Equivalent Diameter and Hydraulic Radius					
	Contraction					
	Flow of Compressible Fluid					
0.5	5.1 Mach Number			3		
05	5.2 Velocity of Sound			(7.5%)		
	5.3 Isentropic Flow of Compressible Fluid Through Nozzle					
	Dimensional Analysis					
0.6	6.1-Dimensional Analysis and Similarity		Dimensional Analysis	3		
06			(017083403 – Unit-4.1)	(7.5%)		
	6.2 Rayleign Method 6.3 Buckingham π -Theorem					
	Troppoportation of Eluid					
	7 1 Pipe and Tubing					
07	7.2 Joints and Fittings, Selection of Pipe Size			4		
07	7.3 Prevention of Leakage Around Moving Parts: Stuffing			(10%)		
	Boxes and Mechanical Seals					
	7.4 Types of Valves: Gate Valve, Globe Valve, Check					

	Valve, Ball Valve			
	Fluid Moving Machinery			
	8.1 Pumps and its Characteristics			
	8.2 Types of Pumps: Centrifugal Pump and Positive		_	
00	Displacement Pump (Reciprocating pump and Rotary		5 (12.5%)	
Vð	pump)			
	of Centrifugal Pump, Power required for centrifugal pump			
	8.4 Comparision of Fan. Blower and Compressor			
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	Measurement of Flowing Fluid			
	Measurement of Flowing Fluid 9.1 Types of Flow meter – Variable head meter and		4	
09	Measurement of Flowing Fluid 9.1 Types of Flow meter – Variable head meter and Variable area meter		4 (10%)	
09	Measurement of Flowing Fluid 9.1 Types of Flow meter – Variable head meter and Variable area meter 9.2 Venturi meter and Orifice Meter		4 (10%)	
09	Measurement of Flowing Fluid 9.1 Types of Flow meter – Variable head meter and Variable area meter 9.2 Venturi meter and Orifice Meter 9.3 Rotameter and Pitot Tube		4 (10%)	
09	Measurement of Flowing Fluid 9.1 Types of Flow meter – Variable head meter and Variable area meter 9.2 Venturi meter and Orifice Meter 9.3 Rotameter and Pitot Tube Flow Past Immersed Bodies		4 (10%)	
09	Measurement of Flowing Fluid 9.1 Types of Flow meter – Variable head meter and Variable area meter 9.2 Venturi meter and Orifice Meter 9.3 Rotameter and Pitot Tube Flow Past Immersed Bodies 10.1 Drag and Drag Coefficient, Buoyancy Force		4 (10%) 3 (7.5%)	
09 10	Measurement of Flowing Fluid 9.1 Types of Flow meter – Variable head meter and Variable area meter 9.2 Venturi meter and Orifice Meter 9.3 Rotameter and Pitot Tube Flow Past Immersed Bodies 10.1 Drag and Drag Coefficient, Buoyancy Force 10.2 Relation Between Drag Coefficient and Reynolds		4 (10%) 3 (7.5%)	

Sr No.	Practical Title	Link to Theory Syllabus
1	To determine type of flow using Reynolds Apparatus.	Unit 2
2	To Study and Verify Bernoulli's Theorem.	Unit 3
3	Determine flow rate using Orifice meter.	Unit 9
4	Determine flow rate using Venturi meter.	Unit 9
5	Determine flow rate using Pitot tube.	Unit 9
6	Pump Characteristics	Unit 8

Major Components/ Equipment		
Sr. No.	Component/Equipment	
1	Reynolds Apparatus	
2	Centrifugal Pump	
3	Venturi meter	
4	Orifice meter	
5	Pitot tube	

Proposed Theory + Practical Evaluation Scheme by Academicians (% Weightage Category Wise and it's Marks Distribution)						
L: 4 T: 0 P: 2						
Note: In Theory Group, 7	Note: In Theory Group, Total 4 Test (T1+T2+T3+T4) will be conducted for each subject.					
Each Test will be of 25 M	larks.					
Each Test Syllabus Weig	htage: Range should be	<u>20% - 30%</u>				
Group (Theory or Practical)	Group (Theory or Practical) Credit	Total Subject Credit	Category	% Weightage	Marks Weightage	
Theory			MCQ	52%	65	
Theory	4	4	Theory Descriptive	4%	5	
Theory	4		Formulas and Derivation	12%	15	
Theory			Numerical	12%	15	
Expected Theory %	80%]	Calculated Theory %	80%	100	
Practical		5	Individual Project	0%	0	
Practical			Group Project	10%	50	
Practical	1		Internal Practical Evaluation (IPE)	10%	50	
Practical			Viva	0%	0	
Practical			Seminar	0%	0	
Expected Practical%	20%		Calculated Practical %	20%	100	
Overall %	100%			100%	200	

Course	Outcome
1	To understand the fluid mechanics, including fluid behavior, flow phenomena, and practical applications in engineering.
2	To understand fundamental fluid flow equations and principles, applying them to analyze various scenarios in engineering systems effectively.
3	To analyze compressible fluid flow, employing dimensional analysis, and mastering fluid transportation principles, facilitating their proficiency in
	engineering applications.
4	To understand the basic idea about fluid moving machinery, flow measurement techniques, and the analysis of flow past immersed bodies,
	facilitating their proficiency in engineering applications.
Suggeste	ed Reference Books
1	"Unit Operations of Chemical Engineering", McCabe W L, Smith J C, Harriott P, Mc Graw Hill Publication, 7th edition 2005.
2	"Unit Operation-I", by K A Gavhane, Nirali Prakashan.
3	"Fluid Dynamics and Heat Transfer", James G. Knudson and Donald L. Katz, Mc Graw Hill Publication
4	"Chemical Engineering" Vol. I – Fluid flow, Heat Transfer and Mass Transfer; Coulson and Richardson's, Butterworth – Heinemann Publication, 6t
	h Edition.
5	'Fundamentals of fluid mechanics' by G. S. Sawhney, I. K. International, 2nd Edition.
6	"Introduction to Process Engineering and Design" by B. I. Bhatt and S. B. Thakore, Mc Graw Hill Education (India) Pvt. Ltd., 2nd edition,
	(2010).

List of Open Source Software/Learning website		
1	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112/104/112104118/	
2	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/105/103/105103192/	
3	https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc19_ce28/preview	
4	https://www.edx.org/course/advanced-fluid-mechanics-1	
5	https://www.edx.org/course/advanced-fluid-mechanics-2?index=product&queryID=5c90901a88c5a0014c768a98cd03f08d&position=1	
6	https://www.edx.org/course/advanced-fluid-mechanics-3	

Practical Project/Hands on Project				
Sr. No.	Project List	Linked with Unit		
1	Explain the pressure effect at the different point of vessel.	Unit 1		
2	Determine the effect of viscosity on flow of a fluid.	Unit 2		
3	Discuss about the different type of flow along with their characteristics.	Unit 2		
4	Demonstration of Bernoulli's theorem.	Unit 3		
5	Determine the effect of friction on flow rate of a fluid.	Unit 4		
6	Models of different types of valves used in industry based on their application.	Unit 7		
7	Explain the characteristics of centrifugal pump based on industrial application.	Unit 8		
8	Determine how to measure the flow rate of a fluid using variable head meter.	Unit 9		
9	Determine how to measure the flow rate of a fluid using variable area meter.	Unit 9		
10	Explain the determination of drag coefficient.	Unit 10		