

Gujarat University
Syllabus for Biochemistry at B. Sc. Semester VI
(To be effective from 2019)

- BIC 307 Nutrition & Diseases
 BIC 308 Advanced Microbiology
 BIC 309 Immunology & Bacterial Genetics
 BIC 310 Advanced Enzymology
 BIC 311 Subject Elective (Applied Biotechnology)
 BIC 312 Practicals

Course Structure with respect to credit, hours and marks

| Type of Course | Paper No. | Credits | Total Marks | Internal Marks | External Marks | No. of hours per week | Exam hours |
|-------------------------------|-----------|---------|-------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------------|------------|
| Foundation Course (FC-VI) | FC - 302 | 2 | 100 | 30 | 70 | 3 | 3 |
| Core Course | BIC 307 | 4 | 100 | 30 | 70 | 4 | 3 |
| | BIC 308 | 4 | 100 | 30 | 70 | 4 | 3 |
| | BIC 309 | 4 | 100 | 30 | 70 | 4 | 3 |
| | BIC 310 | 4 | 100 | 30 | 70 | 4 | 3 |
| Subject Elective Course (SEC) | BIC 311 | 2 | 100 | 30 | 70 | 3 | 3 |
| Practical Core Course | BIC 312 | 5 | 100 | 30 | 70 | 12 | 12 |
| Total Credits | | 25 | | | | | |

N.B.: The practical batch should be minimum of 10 students with respect to the credit.

| Third Year | Semester V | | Semester VI | |
|------------------|------------------------|---|-----------------------------|--|
| | 301: Metabolism | | 307: Nutrition and Diseases | |
| 4 Credits | Unit 1: | Introduction & Metabolism of Carbohydrates | Unit 1: | Obesity and Diabetes Mellitus |
| | Unit 2: | Metabolism of Proteins | Unit 2: | Nutritional Anaemias, Rickets, Osteomalacia |
| | Unit 3: | Metabolism of Lipids | Unit 3: | PEM & Role of lipids in Coronary Heart Diseases (CHD) |
| | Unit 4: | Energy metabolism | Unit 4: | Scurvy, Xerophthalmia and Food Toxicity |
| | 302: Molecular Biology | | 308: Advanced Microbiology | |
| 4 Credits | Unit 1: | Introduction, History, DNA Replication | Unit 1: | Bacteriological Media and Sterilisation. |
| | Unit 2: | DNA Repair, Genetic code, Transcription, Mutations. | Unit 2: | Growth and culturing of Bacteria |
| | Unit 3: | Translation, Control of gene expression. Lac, Trp operons | Unit 3: | Chemotherapy and Microbial Diseases |
| | Unit 4: | Techniques in Molecular Biology & Genetic Engineering | Unit 4: | Fermentation technology & Industrial microbiology. |
| | 303: Enzymology | | 309: Immunology | |
| 4 Credits | Unit 1: | Introduction to Enzymes | Unit 1: | Introduction, Organs and cells of Immune system |
| | Unit 2: | Metalloenzymes, Isoenzymes & Membrane bound enzymes | Unit 2: | Host defence mechanism, Structure and types of Immunoglobulin and immune response |
| | Unit 3: | Enzyme Classification, Factors affecting enzyme catalysis | Unit 3: | Immunochemical techniques, Hybridoma techniques hypersensitivity, Active and Passive immunisation |

| | | | | |
|------------------|---|--|----------------------------|---|
| | Unit 4: | Regulatory enzymes and Two Substrate Enzyme Reaction Mechanism | Unit 4: | Applied Immunology |
| 4 Credits | 304: Introduction to Microbiology & Nutrition | | 310: Advanced Enzymology | |
| | Unit 1: | Morphology of Bacteria& their role in human welfare | Unit 1: | Enzyme kinetics |
| | Unit 2: | Major groups of microorganisms & Microbial Staining | Unit 2: | Quantitative methods for following enzyme reactions |
| | Unit 3: | Essential Macro Nutrients in Human diet | Unit 3: | Enzyme isolation & purification |
| | Unit 4: | Energy Balance and Food Groups | Unit 4: | Applications of Enzymes and Immobilized enzymes |
| 5 credits | 306: Practicals | | 312: Practicals | |
| 2 credits | 305: Biochemistry Elective | | 311: Biochemistry Elective | |

Unit 1: Obesity and Diabetes Mellitus

Introduction, Prevalence, Etiology, Assessment, Complications and Treatment of Obesity

Introduction, Prevalence, Types, Etiology, Clinical Features, Biochemical features, Complications and Diagnosis & Treatment (in brief) of Diabetes Mellitus.

Metabolic Syndrome: Introduction

Unit 2: Nutritional Anaemias, Rickets, Osteomalacia

Introduction, Prevalence, Types of Anaemias

Prevalence, Etiology, Clinical features of Iron deficiency Anaemia &

Megaloblastic Anaemias (due to Vitamin B12 and Folic acid Deficiency)

Etiology, Clinical features, Biochemical features and Treatment of Rickets, Osteomalacia.

Unit 3: PEM and Role of Lipids in Coronary Heart Diseases (CHD)

Introduction, Etiology, Biochemical Features, Clinical Features, & Classification of PEM.

Role of Lipids in CHD.

Unit 4: Scurvy, Xerophthalmia, Food toxicity

Etiology, Clinical features and Biochemical features of Scurvy and Xerophthalmia

Natural Food toxins.

References:

1. B. Srilakshmi: Dietetics, 4TH Edition, 2008, New Age International Publishers.
2. B. Srilakshmi: Nutrition Science, 4TH Edition, 2008, New Age International Publishers.
3. V. Hegarty: Decisions in Nutrition, 1988, Times Mirror/Mosby college publishers.
4. Christopher Haslett: Davidson's principles and Practice of medicine (18th edition) 1999. Churchill Livingston.
5. B. Srilakshmi: Food Science, 4TH Edition, 2008, New Age International Publishers.

6. Shubhangi Joshi: Nutrition and dietetics, 1992, Tata McGraw Hill Publishers.
7. Rajlakshmi: Applied Nutrition, 3rd edition, 1990, Oxford & IBH publishing company.
8. Davidson and Passmore: Human Nutrition and Dietetics, 8th Edition, 1986, ELBS.
9. Swaminathan: Essentials of Food & Nutrition Volume I &II, 1991, BAPPCO Publishers.
10. Gordon Wardlaw: Contemporary Nutrition, 4th Edition, 2000, McGraw Hill publishers.
11. Guthrie: Introductory Nutrition, 4th Edition, 1979, C.V. Mosby Company
12. Garrow: Human Nutrition & dietetics, 10th Edition, 2000, Churchill Livingstone Publishers.
13. Murray RK, Rodwell VW: Harpers review of Biochemistry (25th ed), (2000).
14. Nelson DL and Cox MM: Lehninger's Principles of Biochemistry (5th ed) 2008.

Semester VI

308: Advanced Microbiology

(4 credits)

Unit 1: Bacteriological media & Sterilization

Nutritional requirements & broad categories in bacteria with one example each. Preparation of media, Types of media, (Natural, Empirical, Synthetic, Defined, Special media.)

Definition of terms: sterilization, disinfection, microbiostasis, asepsis, antiseptic, sanitization, pasteurization & tyndallisation etc.

Factors that affect sterilization and disinfection, sterilization and disinfection by moist, dry heat, (autoclave, hot air oven) radiations, (U.V rays, gamma rays) filtration (Nucleopore & Millipore)

Phenol co-efficient, Mode of action, uses, limitation of: Chlorine, Phenol, Heavy metals (Hg) as disinfectants.

Mode of action, uses, limitations of Microbial gases: (Beta propiolactone & Ethylene oxide)

Unit 2: Growth, Isolation, Culturing & Preservation of Bacteria

Definition & calculation of generation time, Growth curve, Diauxic growth.

Factors affecting growth (Temperature, pH, Oxygen, water.) Define types based on specific requirement: Thermophilic, Psychrophilic, Barophilic, Xerophylic, Acidophilic, Alkaliphilic, and Halophilic.

Cultivation of anaerobes,

Pure culture isolation & preservation methods.

Unit 3: Chemotherapy & Microbial diseases

Definition: Chemotherapeutic agent, Antibiotics, Drugs, Chemotherapeutic index.

General properties of antimicrobial agent, Drug resistance

Mode of action of antibiotics, its uses & limitations: Penicillin, Tetracycline, Chloramphenicol, Sulfa drugs

Other uses of antibiotics

Diseases: Tuberculosis, Typhoid, AIDS (causative agent, transmission, pathogenesis & symptoms, diagnostic tests list, prophylaxis)

Unit 4: Fermentation Technology & Industrial microbiology

Introduction to Fermentation process, Basic concepts-batch, continuous and fed batch culture, Bioreactor design: Parts & Functions, advantages & disadvantages Submerged reactor. Packed bed reactor (in brief)

Industrial production of: Penicillin, Beer, Transformation of steroid, Lysine production, Vinegar.

References:

1. Bailey and Ollis, 1986, Biochemical Engineering Fundamentals, McGraw Hill, Newyork.
2. E.MT.El-Mansi ., & C.F.A.Bryce Fermentation Microbiology and Biotechnology
3. Mooyoung 1985. Comprehensive Biotechnology, Vol.I, II, III & IV Pergamon
4. Stanbury,P.F., & Whitakar, A., 1984. Principles of Fermentation Technology.
5. Atlas R: Microbiology: Fundamentals and Applications (2nd ed) 1997.
6. Frobisher, Hinsdill, Crabtree, Goodheart: Fundamentals of Microbiology(8thed) Pelczar Reid: Microbiology (5th ed)
7. Prescott,Harley.Kleins : General Microbiology.(7thed)
8. Stainer: General Microbiology (7thed)
9. Tortora: Microbiology an introduction (6thed)1998.
- 10.Brock 11th(ed) 2006 : Microbiolgy
- 11.Ingraham & Ingraham: Introduction to Microbiology
- 12.Jacquelyn G. Black. : Microbiology principles & Explorations
- 13.Pelczar: Microbiology an application based approach. 2010.
- 14.C. B. Powar & Daginawala : Text book of Microbiology. Vol I & Vol II.

Unit 1: Introduction, Organs and Cells of Immune system

Introduction & terminology in immunology

Cells & Organs of immune system (B Cells, T Cells, Null cells, Mononuclear cell, Granulocytes, Mast cells)

Portal of entry for microbes

Microbial factors for invasiveness: Enzymes & microbial metabolites, Toxins:

Endotoxins & Exotoxins, Mechanism of action of toxins

Unit 2: Host defence mechanism, Structure and types of Immunoglobulin, Immune response

Host defence mechanism: First line (Nonspecific defence): Physico chemical

Barriers , second line(Nonspecific defence) : Chemical barriers; compliments, interferons, lysozymes, Basic peptides & Acids, Inflammatory responses,

Phagocytosis , third line of defence (Specific defence); Immunoglobulins:

Structure, types and functions

Types of Antigens, Immunological properties of antigen: Epitopes, Antigenicity,

Factors that influence immunogenicity

Ag-Ab interactions affinity, avidity

Primary and secondary immune response

Cell mediated & Humoral immune response

Unit 3: Immunochemical techniques, and their application:

Immunochemical techniques, Serology (precipitations reactions, agglutination reactions), Immunoelectrophoresis, RIA, ELISA

Hybridoma technique & its application

Active and passive immunisation: (Both natural and artificial)

UNIT IV: Applied Immunology:

- Hypersensitivity: Type I, II, III & IV
- Vaccines: Introduction. Principle of vaccination.
- Types of Vaccines: Natural Live, Attenuated, Toxoids, Polysaccharide Vaccines, Recombinant vaccines.
- New approach for vaccines development
- Transplantation: Introduction.
- Graft and classification of graft
- Graft rejection and types of graft rejections & mechanism of rejection
-

References:

1. Immunology (5th ed) : Kuby J
2. immunology (6th ed) : Ivan Roitt
3. The elements of Immunology :Fahim Halim Khan
4. Introduction to Immunology:John W Kimball
5. Immunology: Klein & V.Horejsi
6. Immunology : K.R.Joshi & N.O.Osama
7. Principles of Microbiology :Ronald Atlas
8. Fundamentals of Microbiology: Martin Frobisher

Unit 1: Enzyme Kinetics

Enzyme Kinetics and Its Importance, Derivation of Michaelis Menton Equation, Methods of K_m and V_{max} Determination

Enzyme Inhibitors Reversible (Competitive, Noncompetitive, Uncompetitive), Irreversible Inhibition, Suicide Inhibitors with examples, Kinetics of Inhibition as observed by various plots such as Michaelis Menten plot and Line Weaver Burk plot, Hofstee plot, Woolf plot, Hane's plot

Kinetic aspects of allosteric enzymes with examples, ATCase, MWC and KNF models for allosteric enzymes

Unit 2: Quantitative methods for following enzyme reactions

Methodology, sampling & continuous methods with examples, advantages, disadvantages of: (a) Spectrophotometric method (b) Spectrofluorometric method (c) Thumberg method (d) Electrochemical methods (e) Polarimetric method (f) Chromatographic method (g) Manometric method and (h) Chemical method

Handling of enzymes, Enzyme assays

Enzyme units and specific activity of enzyme

Unit 3: Enzyme isolation and purification

Need for purification and general outline of purification scheme, Purification table, methods for protein determination, purification methods with respect to source, principle, isolation and extraction method, efficiency with examples and advantages or disadvantages during use.

Methods to check enzyme purity such as ultracentrifugation, electrophoresis & solubility

Unit 4: Applications of enzymes

Clinical aspects of enzymology, Enzymes as analytical reagents in estimation of various metabolites, Medical and therapeutic applications of enzymes, Enzyme in industries: food, Biotechnology & and other industry

Immobilized enzyme: (Elementary aspects) Methods, properties, kinetics, industrial applications, Biosensors

References:

1. Dixon, M, Webb EC: Enzymes (1979)
2. Price NL and Stevens: Fundamentals of Enzymology (1989)
3. Foster RL: The nature of Enzymes (1980)
4. Palmer T: Understanding enzymes (1981)
5. Conn and Stumpf: Outlines of Biochemistry
6. Nelson DL and Cox MM: Lehninger's Principles of Biochemistry (5th ed) 2008
7. Palmer T: Enzymes: Biochemistry, Biotechnology and clinical applications (1981)
8. Wiseman: A handbook of Enzyme Biotechnology
9. S N Jogdand: Advances in Biotechnology, 5th Revised edition, 2005, Himalaya Publishing House

312: Practicals

(5 credits)

Duration: 3hr

Marks: 100

(A) Microbiology I:

1. Introduction to various apparatus used in microbiology laboratory and their uses
2. Sterilization of glassware
3. Preparation and sterilization of some common nutrient media
4. Determination of flagellar motility by hanging drop method
5. Isolation of pure culture and study its characteristics
6. Growth curve of microorganism by turbidometric method

(B) Microbiology II:

7. Antibiotic sensitivity test by plate diffusion method
 - i. Agar cup method
 - ii. Agar ditch method
8. Biochemical reaction of bacteria
 - i. Fermentation of sugar to alcohol and glycerol
 - ii. IMVIC test
9. Check the presence of specialized enzyme in bacteria
 - i. Amylase
 - ii. Catalase
 - iii. Lipase
 - iv. Gelatinase
 - v. Dehydrogenase
10. Qualitative analysis of milk (MBRT)
11. Analysis of microorganism from Water (MPN)

(C) Nutritional & Clinical Biochemistry

12. Estimation of Iron by KSCN method
13. Estimation of Magnesium
14. Estimation of Cholesterol from egg
15. Estimation of Nitrogen by Kjeldahl's method (Demonstration)
16. Estimation of Serum total proteins & A/G ratio from serum

(D) Immunology practicals & other practicals

17. Determination of Obesity by i) Weight ii) Body mass Index
18. Production of alcohol during fermentation of glucose by yeast
19. Single radial Immunodiffusion technique
20. Double radial Immunodiffusion technique

References:

1. Oser: Hawk's Physiological Chemistry (14th ed)
2. Plummer: An introduction to practical Biochemistry
3. Sheela Sharma: Experiments and Techniques, 2007.
4. Thomas and Schalkhammer: Analytical Biochemistry, 2002
5. Varley H: Practical Clinical Biochemistry
6. Wharton and McCarty: Experimental methods in Biochemistry
7. Willard and Merrit: Instrumental methods of analysis.
8. Seeley HW and Van Denmark PJ: Microbes in Action
9. Wistreich GA and Lechman MD: Laboratory Exercise in Microbiology
10. S. Shanmugam, TSathish Kumar, K Panneer Selvam: Laboratory Handbook on Biochemistry, 2010, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.
11. Practical Microbiology, R.C. Dubey & D.K. Maheshwari S.Chand. 2009.
12. Experimental Microbiology Vol-1&2, Rakesh J. Patel, Aditya Publications, 5th edition.

**BIOCHEMISTRY ELECTIVE PAPER
SEMESTER VI**

APPLIED BIOTECHNOLOGY
(Applicable from 2019)

Unit 1: Enzyme Biotechnology

Immobilized Enzymes

Biosensors

Enzyme Reactors: Stirred Tank Reactor, Membrane &
Continuous Flow Reactor

Enzyme Engineering

Unit 2: Food Biotechnology

Fermented Foods- Probiotics

Single cell protein

GM foods

Use of Enzymes in Food industry

Unit 3: Medical Biotechnology

Recombinant vaccines

Disease Diagnosis & Treatment (Detection of genetic Disease,
DNA finger printing, Tissue Engineering)

Gene therapy

Unit 4: Environmental Biotechnology

Bioremediation

Biocontrol

Biofertilizers

Xenobiotics & their degradation

References

1. Biotechnology by U.Satyanarayana
2. Biotechnology by B.D.Singh
3. A text book of Biotechnology by R.C.Dube
4. Advanced Biotechnology by R.C.Dube
- 5 Environmental biotechnology by Bimal C Bhattacharya & Ritu Banerjee

Semester VI REVISED

Biochem Elective 311: Endocrinology

(2 credits)

Unit 1: Hormone action

Introduction to hormones, adrenergic receptors, different models of hormone action

Unit 2: Thyroid and PTH Thyroid hormones: chemistry, biosynthesis, diseases associated with thyroid hormones. Parathyroid hormones: chemistry, biosynthesis, diseases associated with parathyroid hormones. Calcium homeostasis.

Unit 3: Pancreatic Hormones Pancreatic hormones: chemistry, biosynthesis, diseases associated with pancreatic hormones.

Unit 4: Adrenal and Gonadal hormones Chemistry, biosynthesis of hormones of adrenal cortex and medulla. Chemistry, biosynthesis of hormones of Gonads.

Ref:

1. Negi, CS., Introduction to Endocrinology, (2009), PHI Learning Pvt Ltd, New Delhi
2. Murray RK, Rodwell VW: Harpers review of Biochemistry (25th ed), (2000).